Factors influencing implementation of an Electronic Medical Record in a tertiary cancer centre

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Acknowledgement

Research Team



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Funded By





Thank you

All the participants who volunteered their time to participate in this study





Data Innovation Lab





Crner eMR: Data for MDT recommendations. surgery, nursing, follow-up and administration is entered into power-forms for simultaneous clinical documentation and database entry. This consists of structured text & mandatory fields for the collection of a minimum dataset. A central M-page splays a summary of key patient data and is used for guiding MDT discussion.

Aria: OMIS for ragiation and medical oncology. Aria eChemo is currently being implemented over 2019.

CLINICALLY DRIVEN QUALITY MEASURE

DEVELOPMENT

IPMS: Hospital wide appointment booking system (however all med/rad onc clinic appointments are booked through Aria).

Pathology (ICPMR): Original plans for the auto population of pathology data into the Cerner eMR was not successful and therefore data will also be extracted separately from pathology.

Qualtrics: PROMs survey data is collected using the DASS21 and BreastQ scales.

AUTOMATED **EXTRACTION IN 2019**

EXTRACTION UNDER DEVELOPMENT

BREAST CANCER CONSOLIDATED DATABASE

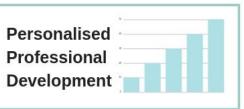
Currently hosted by **WSLHD Business Analytics team within Westmead Hospital**

Interactive and real-time use of data for quality improvement

Clinical Decision Support Tool -Lymphoedema PoC

Breast Cancer Quality of Care Dashboard

ANALYTICS



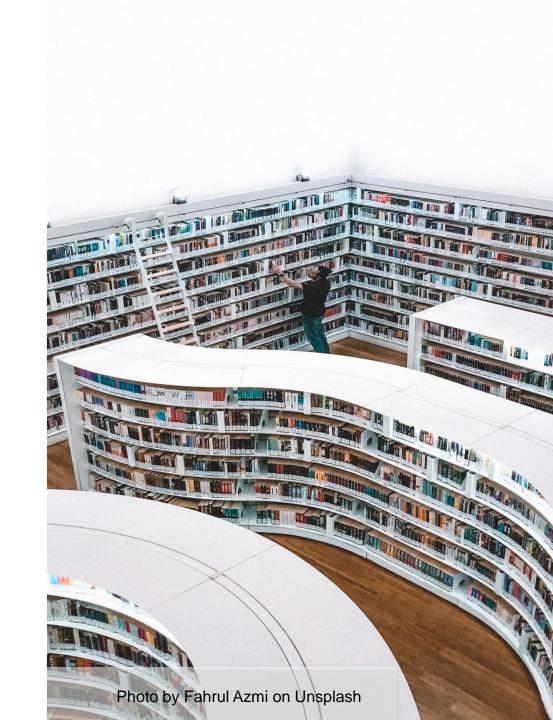
2018-19

Late

2019-20

Background

- EMR now ubiquitous.
- Benefits of using EMRs include:
 - Improved quality of care
 - Increasing data access
 - Facilitating collaboration across teams
- Challenges implementing EMRs include:
 - Technical barriers and feature issues
 - Increased/changed workload
 - Lack of ROI for clinicians



Methodology: Aim

- Surprisingly little research into EMR implementation especially outside of primary care
- Aimed to address this gap by exploring the barriers and enablers to implementing an EMR in a tertiary setting
- Secondary aim to understand how the EMR influenced Multidisciplinary Team (MDT) interactions with their data.



Methodology: Study Setting

- Undertaken in a cancer center within a large metropolitan public hospital.
- Members of the clinical team
 collaborated with the vendor to develop
 an EMR to suit the teams data needs.
- EMR launched in November 2017



Methodology: Study Design

- Interviews conducted with administrative and clinical staff 4 weeks pre-implementation
- Observed the launch MDT meeting to understand the use of the EMR in practice
- Interviews 12 months postimplementation with clinical and administrative staff



Findings

- 12 months on staff had both positive and negative experiences with the EMR.
- Six categories emerged from the interview data:
 - Standardisation of documentation and completeness of data
 - Effect on workload
 - Feature completeness and functionality
 - Interaction with technical support
 - Learning curve
 - Buy-in from Staff



Standardisation of documentation and completeness of data

Now, because we have the recommendations put up on the screen recommendations put up on the screen in the MDTs, everybody can see and in the MDTs, everybody can see and give their feedback at the time, so everybody's on the same page.





Effect on workload

It has a lot of drawbacks for administration work. At first I thought it is going to be very easy, but now looking at the EMR, we've got a little bit more to do at this stage, I think that a lot of little things need to be fixed on there





Interaction with technical support

Lately supports have been good, but

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prior to that we didn't have a lot of

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prior to that we didn't have a lot of

prior to that we didn't have a lot of

support at all. So, we just had

support at all. So, we just had

kind of fumble our way

through it.

Buy-in from Staff

They can't see the benefit of using the EMR still...they've been very slow to try and maybe get motivated to use it or try and resolve the issue. It's all been from our end, pushing, pushing, pushing, trying to get them onboard with it. I think, once people start using it, then you start to see the benefits of using it and how quick it actually can make things quite efficient.



Challenges of EMRs

- EMRs have been widely adopted, but are still burdened by their legacy as administrative and billing tools.
- The EMRs we have today often don't work well for clinicians and teams

 Data flow is often one way, with very little visibility for individual clinicians and teams.

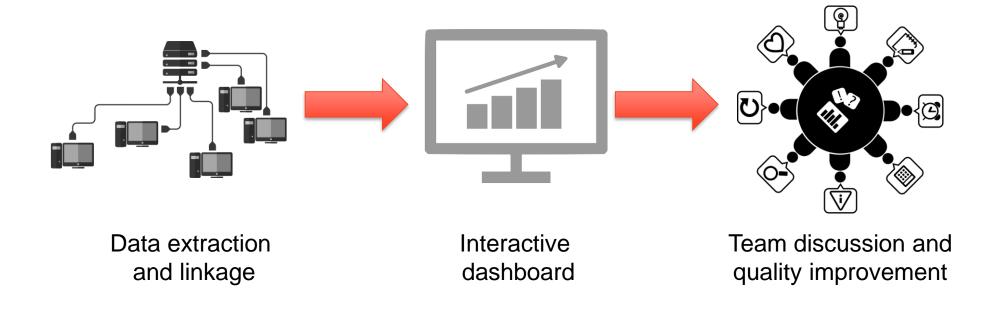


Where to next?

- Demonstrated return on investment
- Clinical Analytics and improved decision making
- Performance feedback and links to continuous learning



Near real-time data visualisation

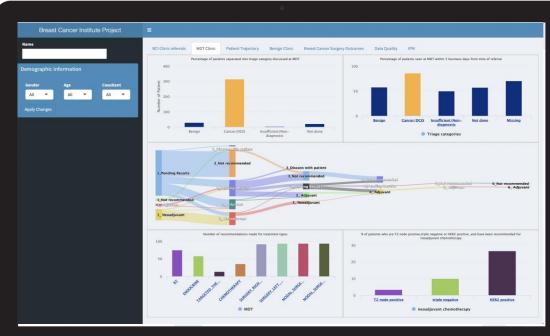


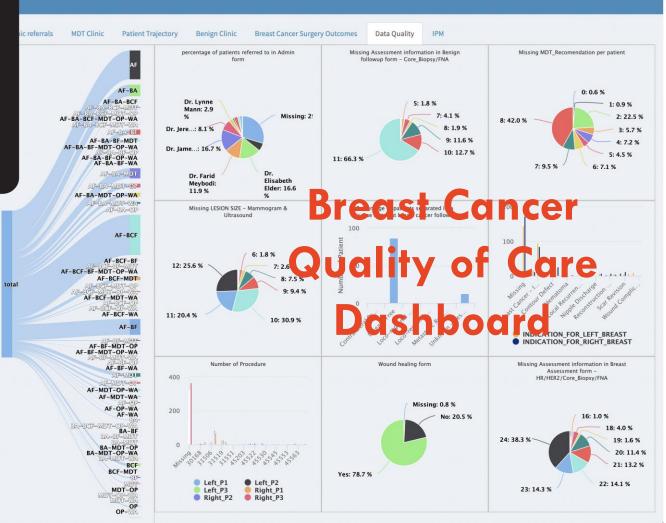


Challenges to overcome

Data access and automated extraction.

Determining scaffolding dashboards need to change behaviour.





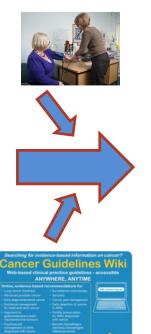
Performance feedback and education to reduce variation

Practice reviews





Data sets



Guidelines



Performance review and benchmarking



Personalized learning



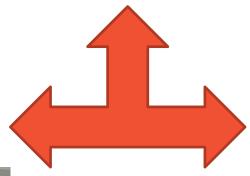
Support meeting Clinical Governance Standard

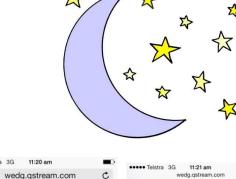


Professional Performance Framework









Reassure her parents that it is normal for children to be a little sleepy when they are concussed and discharge her home with head injury advice as it has been more than 4 hours since the injury Increase frequency of neurological observations to

staff to alert you if her GCS is

Arrange immediate head CT

Admit her to the observation

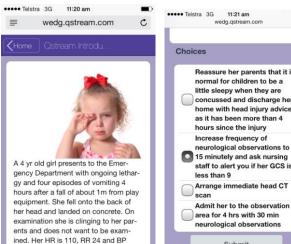
area for 4 hrs with 30 min

neurological observations

Submit

less than 9





100/60. She does not have any scalp

Conclusions

- Engaging health teams in the design and implementation of EMRs is a big step to improving them, but it is only the first step.
- To make EMRs work for clinicians we have to think bigger and come up with innovative solutions to make data actionable and accessible.
- Still many missed opportunities in EMR development and implementation

